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SOLAR/2036-79/03

Monthly Performance Report



PAGE JACKSON SCHOOL MARCH 1979



U.S. Department of Energy

National Solar Heating and Cooling Demonstration Program

National Solar Data Program

NOTICE -

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MONTHLY PERFORMANCE REPORT PAGE JACKSON SCHOOL MARCH 1979

I. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Page Jackson School is an elementary school located in Charles Town, West Virginia. The solar energy system is designed to provide approximately 85 percent of the space heating and 50 percent of the space cooling energy requirements of the school. It has an array of flat-plate collectors with a gross area of 11,000 square feet that faces south at an angle of 45 degrees from the horizontal. Water is used as the medium for delivering solar energy from the collector array to storage. The solar heated water is stored in two interconnected 10,000-gallon storage tanks and is used for space heating and cooling. When the solar energy is insufficient to meet the heating demands, an oil-fired boiler is used to provide auxiliary hot water for heating. In the space cooling mode, the hot water from storage is supplied to an absorption chiller to generate chilled water. A conventional centrifugal chiller is used as backup whenever solar energy is insufficient to meet the space cooling demand.

The system, shown schematically in Figure 1, has three modes of solar operation.

Mode 1 - Collector-to-Storage: The collector subsystem operates independently of the other subsystems. It is active whenever the solar collector temperature is higher than the temperature in storage (hot water thermal storage). When the hot water thermal storage temperature is equal to, or greater than the collector temperature, solar pump P7 is shut down (pump P8 is a backup pump). An emergency mode of operation to prevent overheating of the collectors is manually activated to allow water to continuously circulate through the collectors.

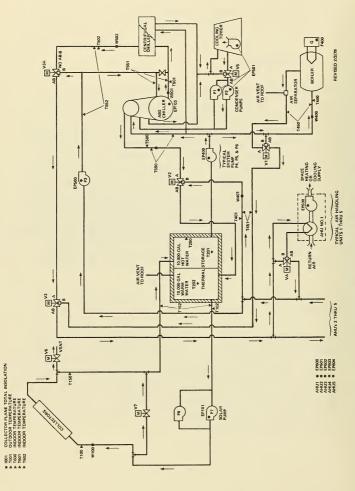


Figure 1. PAGE JACKSON SCHOOL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

<u>Mode 2 - Space Heating</u>: This mode is entered when the manual SUMMER-WINTER-AUTOMATIC switch is set to AUTOMATIC and the outside ambient temperature is below 60°F , or when the switch is set to WINTER. Whenever the temperature of the air returning from the air-handling units is below 68°F and the hot water thermal storage temperature is less than 123°F , auxiliary heating is activated. The burner for the boiler is cycled to maintain a water temperature of 160°F . When the hot water thermal storage temperature rises above 113°F , or the return air temperature rises above 68°F , auxiliary heating is shut off.

<u>Mode 3 - Space Cooling</u>: This mode is entered when the manual SUMMER-WINTER-AUTOMATIC switch is set to AUTOMATIC and the outside ambient temperature is above 68°F, or when the switch is set to SUMMER. There are two modes of space cooling; one utilizes the absorption chiller, the other the backup centrifugal chiller. When the hot water thermal storage temperature rises above 180°F, system pumps P4, P5, and P6 are activated to generate flow through the absorption chiller. As the inlet water temperature out of the absorption chiller will become colder. As the temperature from hot water thermal storage drops below 180°F, the reverse will occur. When the hot water thermal storage temperature drops below 171°F, system pumps will stop, and the absorption chiller will no longer be used for space cooling. If there is a demand for space cooling and the storage temperature is below 171°F, the backup centrifugal chiller is used to satisfy the demand.

II. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The system performance evaluations discussed in this section are based primarily on the analysis of the data presented in the attached computer-generated monthly report. This attached report consists of daily site thermal and energy values for each subsystem, plus environmental data. The performance factors discussed in this report are based upon the definitions contained in NBSIR-76-1137, Thermal Dataquirements and Performance Evaluation Procedures for the National Solar Heating and Cooling Demonstration Program.

A. Introduction

The solar energy system at Page Jackson School operated continuously during March, and satisfied 66 percent of the space heating energy requirements. There was no space cooling during March.

B. Weather

March is past the peak of the heating season in the Page Jackson School area, with a long-term average outside ambient temperature of 45°F. The actual outside ambient temperature averaged 46°F during March. The measured insolation in the plane of the collector array averaged 1,481 Btu/ft 2 -day, which is slightly above the expected long-term average of 1,400 Btu/ft 2 -day derived from measurements taken at the Washington, D. C. airport.

C. System Thermal Performance

<u>Collector</u> - Of the 504.87 million Btu of solar energy incident on the collector array during March, 460.64 million Btu were incident on the array when there was flow through the collector array. The system collected 122.51 million Btu, or 24 percent of the total insolation incident on the collector array. The operation of solar pumps P7 and P8 required 2.96 million Btu of electrical energy.

<u>Storage</u> - Of the 123.77 million Btu of energy delivered to storage, 119.97 million Btu were solar energy and 3.80 million Btu were auxiliary energy. This indicates a loss of 2.53 million Btu from the system between collection and storage. Some of the 3.80 million Btu of auxiliary thermal energy was extracted from storage for space heating, but instrumentation cannot distinguish between solar or auxiliary energy leaving the storage tank.

The daily average storage temperatures ranged from 93°F to 141°F.

<u>Space Heating Load</u> - Space heating energy requirements were the only demand on the solar energy system during March. The space heating load experienced in March was 181.80 million Btu. This is significantly less (approximately one-half) than the load experienced in February, but still above the design load for March of 159.20 million Btu given in Section IV. Of the 181.80 million Btu, 119.62 were supplied by solar system, and the remainder were from auxiliary thermal energy generated by an oil-fired boiler.

<u>Space Cooling Load</u> - There was no demand for space cooling at Page Jackson School during March.

D. Observations

The sensor W400, which determines the flow rate through the auxiliary heating system, is located in a line where actual fluid flow can be as low as 30 gallons per minute, or as high as 170 gallons per minutes. When the flow is in the lower portion of this range, the calculated value of auxiliary thermal energy used may not be reliable, since a one-bit noise signal from the flowmeter represents 16 gallons per minute. To alleviate this problem, the auxiliary input to the system is currently being calculated as 60 percent of the auxiliary fossil fuel consumed. The flowmeter on the oil burner, F400, is quite accurate and provides a confident value of fuel consumption.

The exact amount of solar energy used cannot be measured or calculated directly. It is normally computed as the difference between the measured heating load and the sum of auxiliary thermal energy used and auxiliary thermal energy delivered to storage. Since the boiler efficiency is being estimated at 60 percent, the solar energy used for space heating is an approximate value. The piping and tanks are well insulated, and, therefore, losses from these components are minimum.

At Page Jackson School, an oil-fired boiler is used to supply hot water for space heating whenever there is insufficient solar energy to meet the heating requirements. However, all hot water used for space heating or cooling must flow from storage to the load and back. This can cause auxiliary energy to be transferred from the boiler to storage. The boiler controls are set to maintain water in the boiler between 120°F and 200°F, thus providing conditions which allow water to flow from the boiler to the load and return to storage at a temperature higher than the storage temperature. This can be observed on a number of days in March, as discussed in the storage performance subsection of this report.

The measured heating load was 181.80 million Btu during March in comparison to a design load of 159.20 million Btu.

E. Energy Savings

The Page Jackson School solar energy system resulted in a fossil savings of 199.36 million Btu during the month of March. The operating expense of the solar energy system was 12.60 million Btu of electrical energy, and converting this to fossil energy yields 42.00 million Btu. Therefore, the net fossil savings was 157.36 million Btu. The fossil energy savings calculations are based on a comparison of the projected energy requirements of a conventional, fossil energy boiler, with an efficiency of 60 percent, and the energy requirements of the solar energy system.

III. ACTION STATUS

None.

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